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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/621,205	07/17/2003	Shoichi lino	116304	1084	
25944 7	590 08/13/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC			PHAN, T	PHAN, THANH S	
P.O. BOX 19928 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	•		2841		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Comment	10/621,205	IINO ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Thanh S Phan	2841			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	_•				
<u> </u>	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🛛 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ite			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5)  Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)			

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-4 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being unpatentable by Baroche [US 4,985,878].

Regarding claims 1-4, Baroche teaches a flip portable information device, comprising a foldable casing [3] and an analog/mechanical time-watch [[figure 2] on a side of the casing facing an exterior when the casing is closed, wherein the device further including a display [figure 3] on a side of the casing facing an interior when the casing is closed, the mechanical time-watch being mounted on a back of the display, which faces the exterior when the casing is closed, wherein the time indication by the mechanical time-watch being made in synchronization with time indication on the display [column 2, lines 49 – 67].

Regarding Claim 11, Baroche teaches a flip podable information device, comprising: a foldable casing and at least one of an analog/mechanical timewatch on a side of the casing facing an exterior when the casing is closed, the at least one of the analog/mechanical time-watch and the portable information device having a common power source [column 3, lines 21-24].

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baroche in view of Pikula [6,269,055].

Baroche disclose the claimed invention except for the analog/mechanical time-watch being a radio-controlled watch that automatically corrects time.

Pikula teaches an analog/mechanical time-watch 10/12 being a radiocontrolled watch that automatically corrects time [column 3, lines 5+; FIG. 1].

It would have been obvious to a person skilled in the art at the time of the invention to adapt the mechanical time-watch of Yamada to include automatic correction means to correct the mechanical time-watch movement. By including radio-controlled correcting means, a clock may be automatically updated while crossing time zones and specific parts of the country where simple antennas cannot receive the proper signals.

Claims 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable as being unpatentable over Baroche view of Yamada [US 5,75,653] in further view of the Admitted Prior Art.

Baroche discloses the claimed invention except for the analog/mechanical time-watch indicating functional information of the portable information device

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with hand or mechanically, in addition to time indication, wherein the device includes a dial plate that include: an area to indicate the functional information of the portable information device with hand or mechanically, separately from the time information, wherein the watch indicating the information on an incoming email or an incoming answer phone with hand or mechanically, the watch providing stepwise remaining-power indication with hand or mechanically depending on the remaining power, as well as the watch providing a stepwise receiving-sensitive indication with hand or mechanically depending on the receiving sensitivity of the communication function.

Yamada teaches an analog wristwatch-paging receiver comprising an analog indicating functional information of the device with hand 20 or mechanically, separately from the time information, wherein the device includes a dial plate 12 that includes an area to indicate the functional information of the portable information device with hand or mechanically, separately from the time information, wherein the watch indicating the information on an incoming email 22eor an incoming answer phone 22f with hand or mechanically, as well as the watch providing a stepwise receiving-sensitive indication 172 with hand or mechanically depending on the receiving sensitivity of the communication function [column 2, lines 33+; column 3, lines 1+; FIG. 1, 12-14]. Although Yamada teaches the analog hands indicating functional information other than time, both references fail to teach a stepwise indication of remaining power. It would have been obvious to a person skilled in the ad at the time of the invention to adapt the analog/mechanical time-watch hands dedesign of Yamada

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with Baroche to display received functional information such as email reception, as well as current time information. Also, as Yamada shows email, call home, call office, etc. designations about the dial plate, it would have also been obvious to provide an battery power indicator used in conjunction with the analog hands to display remaining power in order to alert the user of impending power termination.

Claim 12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baroche in view of Okeya [US 6,424,600 B1].

Baroche discloses the claimed invention except for a solar battery usable as an auxiliary power source or a self-generating device to convert rotation of an oscillating weight to electricity, wherein the electricity generated by the self-generating device being supplied to a circuit of a telephone.

Okeya teaches a portable electronic device 1 that includes a self-generating device 40 to convert rotation of an oscillating weight 45 to electricity, wherein the electricity generated by the self-generating device being supplied to a circuit of a telephone [column 21, lines 49-56], wherein in the Prior Art of the Okeya reference, it is stated that it is established in the art that solar cells and solar energy is utilized to prevent a portable information device from running out of power [column 1, lines 12+; column 5, lines 45+; column 6, lines 1+; FIG. 3).

It would have been obvious to a person skilled in the art at the time of the invention to adapt the Baroche reference to include either solar cells or self-generating means to provide additional sources of power. By from running out of

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horology that backup or providing auxiliary forms of power, the apparatus is prevented power. It is well established in the art of timekeeping and auxiliary power sources are used to power watches so as to prevent use termination, and therefore the limitations of a solar battery or an oscillating weight are not novel limitations to the present invention.

#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-14 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thanh S Phan whose telephone number is 571-272-2109. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tulsidas Patel can be reached on 571-272-2098. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

tsp

TULSIDAS PATEL
PRIMARY EXAMINER